

Technical Document

Document No:	07-01002
Document Title:	Reading Records by Key Value in a CL Program
Category:	Hints, Tips & FAQ
Functional Area:	Programming
OS/400 Release:	

Document Description:

If you've ever processed database files within CL, you have probably been disappointed by the fact that IBM only ever provided the means for processing the files sequentially – all very well if you have a list of items to work on, but not very helpful if you need a particular record from a keyed database file.

Well, there are a couple of ways you can do it, depending on what suits you best:

a) Use an RPG routine that you call passing the key values in as parameters. The RPG routine would do the actual work and then pass back the data you want for the CL program as parameters also.

Using this technique you should remember that if you want to perform multiple reads, then you must not set on the *INLR indicator when you exit the program. Instead, set on the *INRT indicator and issue a RETRN statement. This will exit the program, but not close the files or remove it from memory. That way further calls to the program will be quicker. If you do this, you should code a RCLRSC command at the end of the calling CL program.

Example CL and RPG source are shown below:

CL Program TSTC020

	PGM	PARM()	
	DCL	VAR(&ORGN) TYPE(*CHAR) LEN(4)	
	DCL	VAR(&DESC) TYPE(*CHAR) LEN(40)	
	MONMSG	MSGID(CPF0000)	
/* Retrieve	a record fro	om the File for a particular key value	*/
	CHGVAR	VAR(&ORGN) VALUE('1013')	
	CALL	PGM(TSTR020) PARM(&ORGN &DESC)	
/* Do whatev	er you want	with the record	*/
	SNDPGMMSG	MSG(&DESC)	
/* Retrieve	a different	record	*/
	CHGVAR	VAR(&ORGN) VALUE('1010')	

```
CALL PGM(TSTR020) PARM(&ORGN &DESC)

/* Do whatever you want with the record... */

SNDPGMMSG MSG(&DESC)

/* Important - you must do a RCLRSC before exiting the program so */

/* that the file and RPG program are closed and removed from the job */

/* PAG... */
```

```
RCLRSC
```

ENDPGM

RPG Program TSTR020

-	r rogram ro				
	FMBRP901AIF	Е	K	DISK	
	**				
	** Entry Par	rameters	•		
	**				
	С	*ENTRY	PLIST		
	С		PARM	ORGN	
	С		PARM	DESC	
	**				
	** Define Ke	ey List			
	**				
	С	KEY	KLIST		
	С		KFLD	ORGN	
	**				
	** Define Wo	ork Fields	, etc,		
	**				
	С	*LIKE	DEFN OCORGN	ORGN	
	С	*LIKE	DEFN OCDESC	DESC	
	** Read the	record,			
	**				
	С		MOVE *BLANK	S DESC	
	С	KEY	CHAINMBRP90	1A	91
	С	*IN91	IFEQ *ON		
	C		MOVEL '*ERRO	R' DESC	
	С		ELSE		
	C		MOVELOCDESC	DESC	
	C		ENDIF		
	**				
	** Exit the	program			
	**				
	C		MOVE *ON	*INRT	
	C		RETRN		

b) If you want to do it all within CL then you need to make use of the OPNQRYF command. I've listed a sample program below that will take a key value as a parameter and do an OPNQRYF to chain to the record.

Using this method you would need to build the &QRYSLT string based on the parameters and/or values needed, and then once the OPNQRYF command has run you would read the record from the file. Before reading another keyed record, and before exiting the program you would have to make sure that you closed the file opened by OPNQRYF using the CLOF command:

CL Program TSTC030

FGM	FARM(GREE)
DCL	VAR(&KEY) TYPE(*CHAR) LEN(4)
DCL	VAR(&QRYSLT) TYPE(*CHAR) LEN(255)
DCLF	FILE(MBRP901A)

DADM(S.KEV)

```
MONMSG MSGID(CPF0000)
/* First, use the QRYSLT parameter for building the 'Key' list...
                                                                       */
             CHGVAR
                       VAR(&QRYSLT) VALUE('OCORGN = ''' *CAT &KEY +
                          *CAT ''')
/* Use standard OPNORYF to open the file and then use RCVF to read
                                                                       */
/* the actual record...
                                                                       */
             OVRDBFFILE(MBRP901A) SHARE(*YES)OPNQRYFFILE((MBRP901A)) QRYSLT(&QRYSLT) KEYFLD(*NONE)
             RCVF
/* Do whatever you want with the record...
                                                                       */
             SNDPGMMSG MSG(&OCDESC)
/* Important - you must close the file before you attempt to read
                                                                       */
/* another record from it and when you exit the program...
                                                                       */
             CLOF
                       OPNID(MBRP901A)
             ENDPGM
```

Each of these sample programs are provided as skeletons/examples and should be developed further for your own needs.